	TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION  S.
To	provide for research and education with respect to uterine fibroids, and for other purposes.
	IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES
Mr.	BOOKER introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on
То	A BILL  provide for research and education with respect to uterine fibroids, and for other purposes.
1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Stephanie Tubbs Jones
5	Uterine Fibroid Research and Education Act of 2023".
6	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
7	Congress finds as follows:
8	(1) It is estimated that 20 percent to 50 per-

cent of women of reproductive age currently have

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uterine fibroids, and up to 77 percent of women will
 develop fibroids before menopause.

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- (2)In the United States, estimated an 26,000,000 women between the ages of 15 and 50 have uterine fibroids, and approximately 15,000,000 of these individuals experience symptoms. Uterine fibroids may cause significant morbidity through their presence in the uterus and pelvic cavity, and symptoms can include pelvic pain, severe menstrual bleeding, iron-deficiency anemia, fatigue, bladder or bowel dysfunction, infertility, and pregnancy complications and loss.
- (3) The pain, discomfort, stress, and other physical and emotional symptoms of living with fibroids may significantly interfere with a woman's quality of life, compromising her ability to function normally or work or care for her family, and may lead to more severe health and wellness issues.
- (4) Most women will experience uterine fibroids by the age of 50, yet few data exist describing the overall patient experience with fibroids.
- (5) Many people with fibroids are likely undiagnosed. Patients wait on average 3.6 years before seeking treatment, and over 40 percent of patients see 2 or more health care providers prior to

receiving a diagnosis, underscoring the need for improved awareness and education.

- (6) People of color are more likely to develop uterine fibroids. It is estimated that more than 80 percent of Black women and about 70 percent of white women develop fibroids by the time they reach menopause. Black individuals with fibroids have also been shown to have more severe symptoms and develop early-onset uterine fibroids that develop into larger tumors.
- (7) Current research and available data do not provide adequate information on the prevalence and incidence of fibroids in Asian, Hispanic, and Black individuals.
- (8) Symptomatic uterine fibroids can cause reproductive problems, including infertility. People with uterine fibroids are much more likely to miscarry during early pregnancy than people without them.
- (9) According to the Evidence Report Summary on the Management of Uterine Fibroids, as compiled by the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality of the Department of Health and Human Services, there is a "remarkable lack of high-quality evidence

supporting the effectiveness of most interventions forsymptomatic fibroids".

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(10) Most medical options for managing fibroid symptoms regulate or suppress menstruation and prevent pregnancy. There is a great need for minimally invasive, fertility-friendly therapies, as well as biomarkers, imaging assessments, or risk-based algorithms that can help predict patient response to therapy.

(11)The presence of symptomatic uterine fibroids the for most common reason 39 hysterectomies, accounting for percent of hysterectomies annually in the United States. Approximately 42 per 1,000 women are hospitalized annually because of uterine fibroids, but Black patients have higher rates of hospitalization, hysterectomies, and myomectomies compared to white women. Uterine fibroids are also the leading cause of hospitalization related to a gynecological disorder.

(12) The personal and societal costs of uterine fibroids in the United States are significant. Uterine fibroid tumors have been estimated to cost the United States \$5,900,000,000 to \$34,400,000,000 annually. The annual direct costs, including surgery,

- 1 hospital admissions, outpatient visits, and medica-
- 2 tions, were estimated at \$4,100,000,000 to
- 3 \$9,400,000,000 annually. Estimated lost work-hour
- 4 costs ranged from \$1,550,000,000 to
- 5 \$17,200,000,000 annually. Obstetric outcomes that
- 6 were attributed to fibroid tumors resulted in costs of
- 7 \$238,000,000 to \$7,760,000,000 annually.
- 8 (13) At the Federal level, uterine fibroid re-
- 9 search remains drastically underfunded as compared
- to patient disease burden. In 2019, fibroid research
- 11 received about \$17,000,000 in funding from the Na-
- tional Institutes of Health, putting it in the bottom
- 13 50 of 292 funded conditions.

## 14 SEC. 3. RESEARCH WITH RESPECT TO UTERINE FIBROIDS.

- 15 (a) Research.—The Secretary of Health and
- 16 Human Services (referred to in this Act as the "Sec-
- 17 retary") shall expand, intensify, and coordinate programs
- 18 for the conduct and support of research with respect to
- 19 uterine fibroids.
- 20 (b) Administration and Coordination.—The
- 21 Secretary shall carry out the conduct and support of re-
- 22 search pursuant to subsection (a), in coordination with the
- 23 appropriate institutes, offices, and centers of the National
- 24 Institutes of Health and any other relevant Federal agen-

- 1 cy, as determined by the Director of the National Insti-
- 2 tutes of Health.
- 3 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the
- 4 purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized
- 5 to be appropriated \$30,000,000 for each of fiscal years
- 6 2024 through 2028.

## 7 SEC. 4. RESEARCH WITH RESPECT TO MEDICAID COV-

- 8 ERAGE OF UTERINE FIBROIDS TREATMENT.
- 9 (a) Research.—The Secretary (or the Secretary's
- 10 designee) shall establish a research database, or expand
- 11 an existing research database, to collect data on services
- 12 furnished to individuals diagnosed with uterine fibroids
- 13 under a State plan (or a waiver of such a plan) under
- 14 the Medicaid program under title XIX of the Social Secu-
- 15 rity Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.) or under a State child
- 16 health plan (or a waiver of such a plan) under the Chil-
- 17 dren's Health Insurance Program under title XXI of such
- 18 Act (42 U.S.C. 1397aa et seq.) for the treatment of such
- 19 fibroids for purposes of assessing the frequency at which
- 20 such individuals are furnished such services.
- 21 (b) Report.—
- 22 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
- 23 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
- shall submit to Congress a report on the amount of
- 25 Federal and State expenditures with respect to serv-

1	ices furnished for the treatment of uterine fibroids
2	under State plans (or waivers of such plans) under
3	the Medicaid program under such title XIX and
4	State child health plans (or waivers of such plans)
5	under the Children's Health Insurance Program
6	under such title XXI.
7	(2) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall co-
8	ordinate the development and submission of the re-
9	port required under paragraph (1) with any other
10	relevant Federal agency, as determined by the Sec-
11	retary.
12	SEC. 5. EDUCATION AND DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION
13	WITH RESPECT TO UTERINE FIBROIDS.
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li></ul>	with respect to uterine fibroids.  (a) Uterine Fibroids Public Education Pro-
14 15	(a) Uterine Fibroids Public Education Pro-
14 15	(a) Uterine Fibroids Public Education Pro- Gram.—The Secretary shall develop and disseminate to
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	(a) Uterine Fibroids Public Education Pro- GRAM.—The Secretary shall develop and disseminate to the public information regarding uterine fibroids, includ-
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	(a) Uterine Fibroids Public Education Pro- GRAM.—The Secretary shall develop and disseminate to the public information regarding uterine fibroids, includ- ing information on—
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Uterine Fibroids Public Education Pro- GRAM.—The Secretary shall develop and disseminate to the public information regarding uterine fibroids, includ- ing information on— (1) the awareness, incidence, and prevalence of
14 15 16 17 18 19	(a) Uterine Fibroids Public Education Pro- GRAM.—The Secretary shall develop and disseminate to the public information regarding uterine fibroids, includ- ing information on—  (1) the awareness, incidence, and prevalence of uterine fibroids among individuals, including all mi-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Uterine Fibroids Public Education Pro- GRAM.—The Secretary shall develop and disseminate to the public information regarding uterine fibroids, includ- ing information on—  (1) the awareness, incidence, and prevalence of uterine fibroids among individuals, including all mi- nority individuals;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Uterine Fibroids Public Education Pro- GRAM.—The Secretary shall develop and disseminate to the public information regarding uterine fibroids, includ- ing information on—  (1) the awareness, incidence, and prevalence of uterine fibroids among individuals, including all mi- nority individuals;  (2) the elevated risk for minority individuals to
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>(a) Uterine Fibroids Public Education Program.—The Secretary shall develop and disseminate to the public information regarding uterine fibroids, including information on— <ul> <li>(1) the awareness, incidence, and prevalence of uterine fibroids among individuals, including all minority individuals;</li> <li>(2) the elevated risk for minority individuals to develop uterine fibroids; and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

1 uterine fibroids, including non-hysterectomy treat-

- 2 ments and procedures.
- 3 (b) Dissemination of Information.—The Sec-
- 4 retary may disseminate information under subsection (a)
- 5 directly or through arrangements with intra-agency initia-
- 6 tives, nonprofit organizations, consumer groups, institu-
- 7 tions of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the
- 8 Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)), or Fed-
- 9 eral, State, or local public private partnerships.
- 10 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the
- 11 purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized
- 12 to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for
- 13 each of fiscal years 2024 through 2028.
- 14 SEC. 6. INFORMATION TO HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS WITH
- 15 RESPECT TO UTERINE FIBROIDS.
- 16 (a) Dissemination of Information.—The Sec-
- 17 retary shall, in consultation and in accordance with guide-
- 18 lines from relevant medical societies, work with health
- 19 care-related specialty societies and health systems to pro-
- 20 mote evidence-based care for individuals with fibroids.
- 21 Such efforts shall include minority individuals who have
- 22 an elevated risk to develop uterine fibroids and the range
- 23 of available options for the treatment of symptomatic uter-
- 24 ine fibroids, including non-hysterectomy drugs and devices

- 1 approved under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
- 2 Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.).
- 3 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the
- 4 purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized
- 5 to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for
- 6 each of fiscal years 2024 through 2028.

## 7 SEC. 7. DEFINITION.

- 8 In this Act, the term "minority individuals" means
- 9 individuals who are members of a racial and ethnic minor-
- 10 ity group, as defined in section 1707(g) of the Public
- 11 Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300u–6(g)).