116TH CONGRESS		
2D Session		
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To require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to collect, analyze, and report qualitative and quantitative data on the use of telehealth during the COVID-19 public health emergency.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Young (for himself, Mrs. Capito, and Mr. King) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

- To require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to collect, analyze, and report qualitative and quantitative data on the use of telehealth during the COVID—19 public health emergency.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "COVID-19 Emergency
- 5 Telehealth Impact Reporting Act of 2020".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 In this Act:

1	(1) COVID-19 Public Health Emergency.—
2	The term "COVID-19 public health emergency"
3	means the outbreak and public health response per-
4	taining to Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19),
5	associated with the emergency declared by the Sec-
6	retary on January 31, 2020, under section 319 of
7	the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d), and
8	any renewals thereof and any subsequent declara-
9	tions by the Secretary related to COVID-19.
10	(2) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
11	the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
12	SEC. 3. DATA COLLECTION AND REPORTS ON THE USE OF
13	TELEHEALTH DURING THE COVID-19 PUBLIC
13 14	TELEHEALTH DURING THE COVID-19 PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY.
14	HEALTH EMERGENCY.
14 15	HEALTH EMERGENCY. (a) Data Collection and Analysis.—
14 15 16	HEALTH EMERGENCY. (a) Data Collection and Analysis.— (1) In general.—Beginning not later than 30
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114 115 116 117 118	HEALTH EMERGENCY. (a) Data Collection and Analysis.— (1) In general.—Beginning not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall collect and analyze qualitative and quantitative data on the impact of telehealth serv-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	HEALTH EMERGENCY. (a) Data Collection and Analysis.— (1) In general.—Beginning not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall collect and analyze qualitative and quantitative data on the impact of telehealth services, virtual check-ins, digital health, and remote pa-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	HEALTH EMERGENCY. (a) Data Collection and Analysis.— (1) In General.—Beginning not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall collect and analyze qualitative and quantitative data on the impact of telehealth services, virtual check-ins, digital health, and remote patient monitoring technologies on health care delivery
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	HEALTH EMERGENCY. (a) Data Collection and Analysis.— (1) In general.—Beginning not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall collect and analyze qualitative and quantitative data on the impact of telehealth services, virtual check-ins, digital health, and remote patient monitoring technologies on health care delivery permitted by the waiver or modification of certain

1	Act (42 U.S.C. 1320b-5) during the COVID-19
2	public health emergency, which may include the col-
3	lection of data regarding—
4	(A) health care utilization rates across the
5	Medicare program under title XVIII of the So-
6	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.) for
7	individuals confirmed or suspected to have
8	COVID-19 and individuals seeking care unre-
9	lated to COVID-19, including—
10	(i) patient access to telehealth services
11	in medically underserved communities; or
12	(ii) individuals receiving telehealth
13	services through federally qualified health
14	centers (as defined in section 1861(aa)(4)
15	of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
16	1395x(aa)(4)) or rural health clinics (as
17	defined in section 1861(aa)(2) of such Act
18	(42 U.S.C. 1395x(aa)(2))) serving as origi-
19	nating sites or distant sites, and any chal-
20	lenges for providers furnishing telehealth
21	services in these communities;
22	(B) health care quality for individuals con-
23	firmed or suspected to have COVID-19 and in-
24	dividuals seeking care unrelated to COVID-19
25	as measured by—

4

1	(i) quality of care metrics, such as
2	hospital readmission rates, missed appoint-
3	ment rates, or wellness visits, and
4	(ii) engagement metrics, such as vol-
5	untary patient satisfaction surveys and vol-
6	untary provider satisfaction surveys;
7	(C) audio-only telehealth utilization rates
8	when other video-based telehealth was not an
9	option or any other telehealth services that were
10	not provided in real-time (including text-mes-
11	saging or through online chat platforms), the
12	types of visits, and the types of providers treat-
13	ing individuals;
14	(D) telehealth utilization rates used to
15	treat individuals across State lines;
16	(E) the health outcomes of any individual
17	who utilizes telehealth services to treat an un-
18	derlying health condition such as diabetes, end-
19	stage renal disease, chronic lung disease, ob-
20	structive pulmonary disease, coronary artery
21	disease, or cirrhosis and the types of technology
22	utilized to receive care, including text-mes-
23	saging, online chat platforms, audio-only, or
24	video conferencing;

1	(F) the health outcomes of any individual
2	who utilizes mental or behavioral health care
3	and substance use disorder treatment services,
4	and the types of technology utilized to receive
5	care, including text-messaging, online chat plat-
6	forms, audio-only, or video conferencing;
7	(G) the impact of State and Federal pri-
8	vacy and security protections on the delivery of
9	care and patient safety, including the security
10	of the various technologies utilized to deliver or
11	receive telehealth care;
12	(H) how telehealth access differs by race,
13	ethnicity, or income levels;
14	(I) the types of technologies utilized to de-
15	liver or receive telehealth care, including Zoom,
16	Skype, FaceTime, text messaging, online chat
17	platforms, or other technologies, as observed by
18	the Secretary, and utilization rates,
19	disaggregated by type of technology (as applica-
20	ble);
21	(J) the investments necessary for providers
22	to develop a platform to effectively provide tele-
23	health services to their patients, including the
24	costs of the necessary technology and the costs
25	of training staff; and

1	(K) any additional information determined
2	appropriate by the Secretary.
3	(2) Broadband availability data.—Upon
4	request by the Secretary, the Assistant Secretary of
5	Commerce for Communications and Information and
6	the Federal Communications Commission shall pro-
7	vide the Secretary any relevant data regarding the
8	availability of broadband internet access service (as
9	defined in section 801 of the Communications Act of
10	1934 (47 U.S.C. 641)) for the purposes of com-
11	pleting the report under paragraph (1).
12	(b) Interim Report to Congress.—Not later than
13	90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
14	retary shall submit to the Committees on Finance and
15	Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and
16	the Committees on Ways and Means and Energy and
17	Commerce of the House of Representatives an interim re-
18	port on the impact of telehealth based on the data col-
19	lected and analyzed under subsection (a). For the pur-
20	poses of the interim report, the Secretary may determine
21	which data collected and analyzed under subsection (a) is
22	most appropriate to complete such report.
23	(c) Final Report to Congress.—Not later than
24	180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
25	retary shall submit to the Committees on Finance and

1	Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and
2	the Committees on Ways and Means and Energy and
3	Commerce of the House of Representatives a final report
4	on the impact of telehealth based on the data collected
5	and analyzed under subsection (a) that includes—
6	(1) conclusions regarding the impact of tele-
7	health services on health care delivery during the
8	COVID-19 public health emergency; and
9	(2) an estimation for total Medicare spending
10	on telehealth services, including total spending for
11	each specific type of service for which Medicare re-
12	imbursed.
13	(d) Stakeholder Input.—
14	(1) In general.—For purposes of subsections
15	(a), (b), and (c), the Secretary shall seek input from
16	the Medicare Payment Advisory Commission, the
17	Medicaid and CHIP Payment and Access Commis-
18	sion and nongovernmental stakeholders, including
19	patient organizations, providers, and experts in tele-
20	health.
21	(2) Comment Period.—For the purposes of
22	this subsection, the Secretary shall establish a com-
23	ment period not later than 14 days after the date of
24	enactment of this Act.